Using public policy to target home energy efficiency and affordability

Local Government Summit Fond du Lac April 5, 2017



COWS and the Mayors Innovation Project At the University of Wisconsin - Madison



Helping realize the promise and power of cities...

to promote sustainability, equity and democracy through research & peer learning.

Two main ways local governments can encourage efficiency and affordability

1: Make sure housing is built efficiently in the first place

2. Encourage, enable and normalize retrofitting



Encouraging building efficiency



- Adopt the most stringent and up to date codes from the ICC
- Incentivize going beyond code

If using public funds, go above and beyond code

Encouraging efficiency, cont.

Educate your building inspectors and contractors

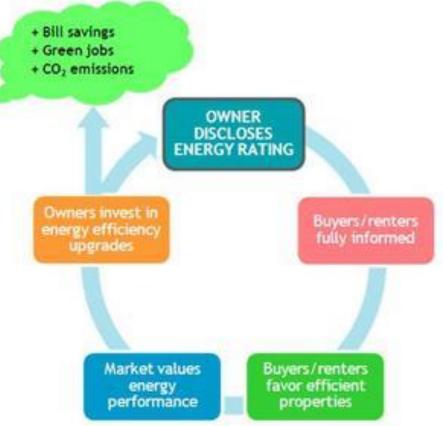
• Enforce your building code



Retrofitting Policy lever: disclosure

 Require disclosure, but pair it with assistance to improve the outcome

- Example: Austin TX Energy and Conservation Audit and Disclosure Ordinance
- Do outreach to ensure homeowners and building owners know what they can do to improve



Source: National Energy Efficiency Partnerships (NEEP)

Comparison of U.S. Commercial Building Energy Benchmarking and Disclosure Policies

	Legislation				Building Type & Size Threshold			Disclosure				Rating System	
	Jurisdiction	Short Name	Enacted	First Compliance Deadline	Municipal	Commercial	Multifamily	To Gov't	On Public Website	Time of Transaction	To Current Tenants	Energy Star	Other
	Atlanta	Atlanta Commercial Buildings Energy Efficiency Ordinance	Apr 2015	Jul 2015	10K SF+	25K SF+	25K SF+	*	Energy Star Score of 50+	-	-	٨.	
	Austin	Energy Conservation Audit & Disclosure (ECAD) Ordinance	Nov 2008	June 2011	×	10K SF+	Audits	*	-	Buyers	-	*	ACLARA
	Berkeley	Building Energy Saving Ordinance	Mar 2015	Oct 2016	25K SF+	25K SF+	25K SF+	*	*	Buyers, Lessees	*	*	
	Boston	Boston Energy Reporting and Disclosure Ordinance	May 2013	May 2014	*	35K SF+	35+ units or 35K SF+	*	*	-	-	*	
	Cambridge	Building Energy Use Disclosure Ordinance	July 2014	December 2014	10K SF+	25K SF+	50+ units	*	*	-	-	*	
Cities	Chicago	Chapter 18-14. Building Energy Use Benchmarking Ordinance	Sept 2013	June 2014	50K SF+	50K SF+	50K SF+	*	*	-	-	*	
Citi	District of Columbia	Clean and Affordable Energy Act of 2008	July 2008	April 2013	10K SF+	50K SF+	50K SF+	*	*	-	-	*	Energy Star Target Finder

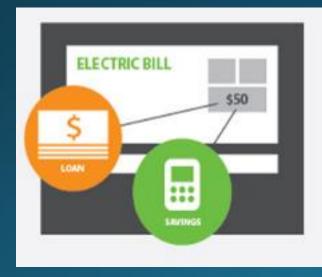
Retrofitting: PACE

- Residential PACE available to homeowners directly
- Commercial PACE can be used to improve building stock, including affordable housing projects
 - Washington DC : Phyllis Wheatley YWCA



Retrofitting: On-bill

 On bill financing and on-bill repayment allow home and building owners to pay for improvements over the life of a loan – either to a municipal utility or a third party.



PAY AND SAVE

The cost of your upgrade is **added to your monthly energy bill** and can be spread out over 5, 10 or 15 years. Plus, if you decide to sell your home, the remaining monthly installments can be billed to the new account holder.

Increase access and awareness

Increase access by removing unnecessary barriers

- Madison, WI
- Make it easy to access services:
 - Portland, OR: Clean Power Works Program

Two yearsNA25-35%Three yearsNA29-40%	Table 3. Community	Power Works Audit Conve	rsion Rates Compared to Si
Six months37%6-22%One yearNA20-28%Two yearsNA25-35%Three yearsNA29-40%	Conversion rate	CPW Homes EPS Audit	Oregon HERS Audits
One yearNA20-28%Two yearsNA25-35%Three yearsNA29-40%	Three months	26%	11-17%
Two yearsNA25-35%Three yearsNA29-40%	Six months	37%	6-22%
Three years NA 29-40%	One year	NA	20-28%
	Two years	NA	25-35%
Four or more years NA 32-44%	Three years	NA	29-40%
	Four or more years	NA	32-44%

ims

Lead by example

• Local governments can do both: build good buildings and retrofit buildings, increasing the market and awareness of options



Questions?

Katya Szabados www.cows.org www.mayorsinnovation.org knszabados@cows.org 608.262.5831